# Symantec Visual Cafe (Java 1.1) Starter's Manual

A pattern-matching guide for computer geeks

Warning: This is not a replacement for a good book. Two good books that you should know about are "Jave in a Nutshell" and "Just Java." The Nutshell book is a really good reference book—it's basically Symantec's Class Browser in paper form. Just Java, by Peter van der Linden, is a really good intro to the language, for the unititiated. From Amazon, you can buy the nut for \$15.96 and Just Java for \$27.96..

#### Conversions

```
strings and integers
         String.valueOf(5) \rightarrow "5"
         (Integer.parseInt("5")) \rightarrow 5
```

#### **Data Structures**

```
vectors
          Vector newgolds = new Vector();
          newgolds.addElement(newgoldie);
          newgolds.removeElementAt(0);
          newgolds.elementAt(0);
          newgolds.removeAllElements();
          newgolds.size()
arrays
     int[] oldcell = new int[2];
    if the array is really just an object then you reference it like this:
       Array.getInt(object_array, indexnum);
       Array.setInt(object_array, indexnum, value);
time
                                                   you'll need import java.util.*
    Date curdate = new Date();
    long start_time = curdate.getTime();
Math
```

Math.cos and Math.sin, Math.PI. Enough said.

### **Flow Control**

```
You can use sleep but you must catch the exception:
         try {
            Thread.sleep(500);
          } catch (InterruptedException e)
            System.out.println("Interrupted Sleep exception");
          }
if (goldspec.length == 2) {
          this.drawGold(goldspec[0],goldspec[1]);
       } else if (goldspec.length == 4) {
          this.drawGold(goldspec[0],goldspec[1],
                   goldspec[2],goldspec[3]);
       } else return(false);
for (int j=0; j < this.height; j++) {
       }
     switch (action) {
       case Console.LEFT:
       case Console.RIGHT:
          newrobot[2] = (newrobot[2] + action)\%4;
         return( newstate);
       case Console.GRAB:
          goldGrab(newrobot, newgolds,maze);
          return( newstate);
     } // endswitch //
     while (this.needGold(0)) {
       if (this.getGold(this.computeNeed(0),1,this.robot1) == false) {
          System.out.println("No more gold reachable");
         return;
       } // endif
     } // endwhile
You can flow whatever you want out to a simple text file: you need import java.io.*
            // opens "diary" for appending //
            FileOutputStream fos = new FileOutputStream("diary.txt",true);
            diary = new PrintWriter(fos,true);
          } // endtry
```

```
catch (IOException e) { System.out.println(e); }
diary.println("DIARY FILE BEGINS");
```

Exiting a program

The equivalent of C's exit(0) is:System.exit(0);

## **Symantec Pointers**

You can do printouts straight to the Console: System.out.println("hello there");

You can even use "+" to put together values of your variables with text:

System.out.println("Minimal Cooperation Game; delta = " +

String.valueOf(this.delta) + "and my cooling fan is on.");

Always put this.setVisible(true) in your frames.

*Use the right mouse button on a word to go to the class browser on that keyword.* 

import java.awt.\* and import java.util.\* are your friends. Be sure to note what you need to import for your favorite objects and classes to exist.

# When you're doing graphics:

this.refresh *is really useful* Graphics.drawLine, Graphics.drawRect, Graphics.fillOval*are pretty cool, too.* To write text where you want: Graphics.drawString. *You need colors? Try* Color.yellow, Color.green *and* (new Color(12632256))